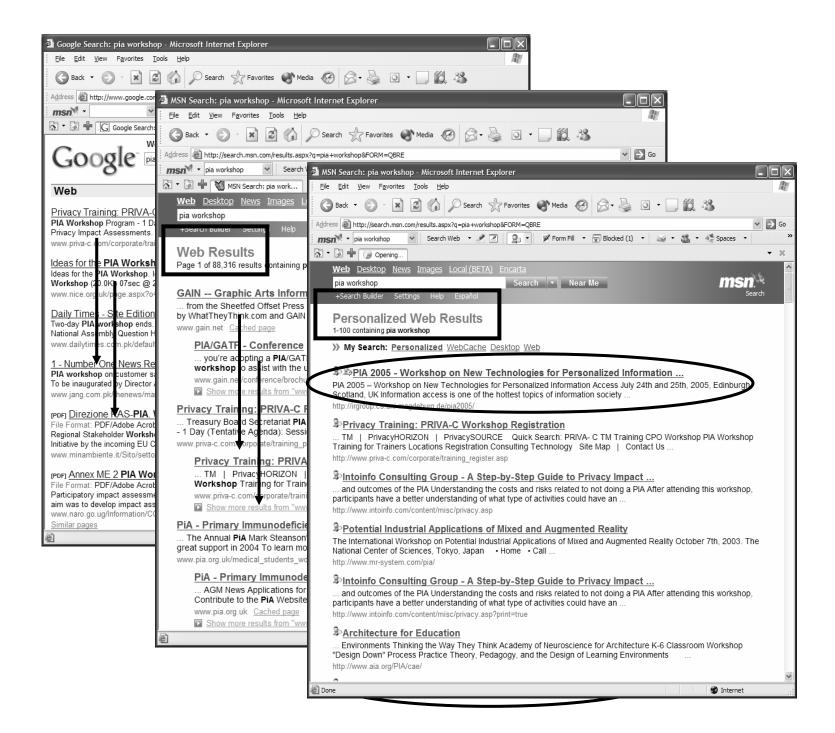
Beyond the Commons

Investigating the Value of Personalizing Web Search

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oMIT, oMicrosoft Research



Outline

- Value of personalizing web search
- Study of personal relevancy
 - ORank and rating
 - OSame query, different ratings
- Search engines are for the masses
 OMuch room for improvement
- Implications for personalized search

What is the Value of Personalization?

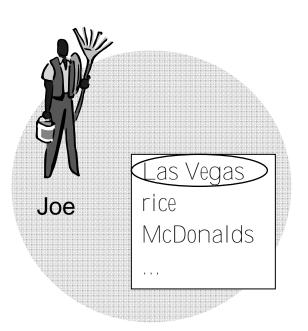
- Do people want different results for the same query?
- How much improvement can be gained by making a generic search engine better?
- How much will personalization help?

Study of Personal Relevancy

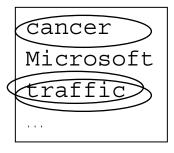
- 15 participants
 - OMicrosoft employees
 - OManagers, support staff, programmers, etc.
- Evaluate 50 results for a query
 - O"Highly relevant"
 - O"Relevant"
 - O"Irrelevant"
- Based on personal preference
- Longer description of information goal
- ~10 queries per person

Study of Personal Relevancy

- Query selection
 - OPreviously issued query (based on diary)
 - OChose from 10 pre-selected queries

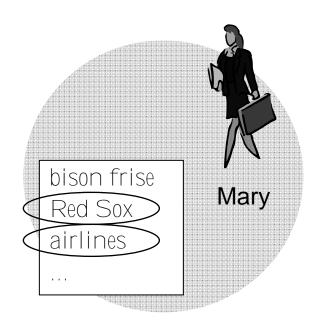


Pre-selected

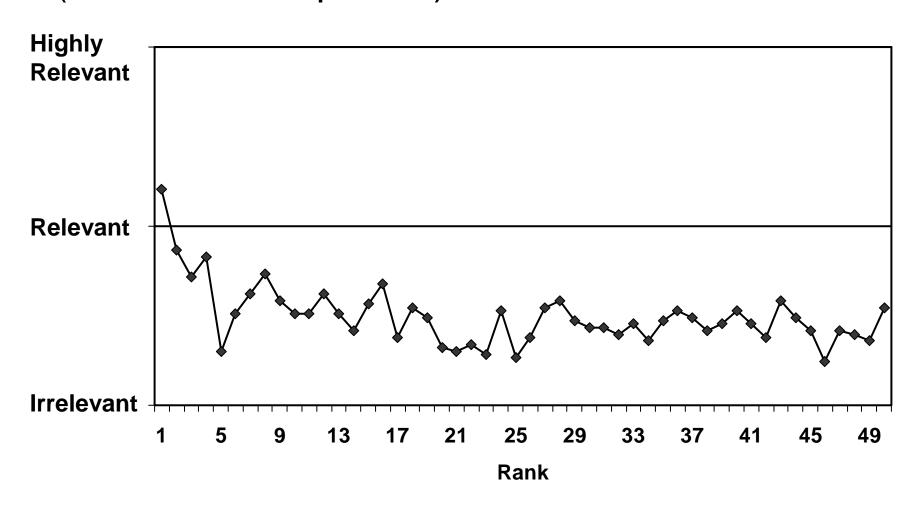


Total: 137

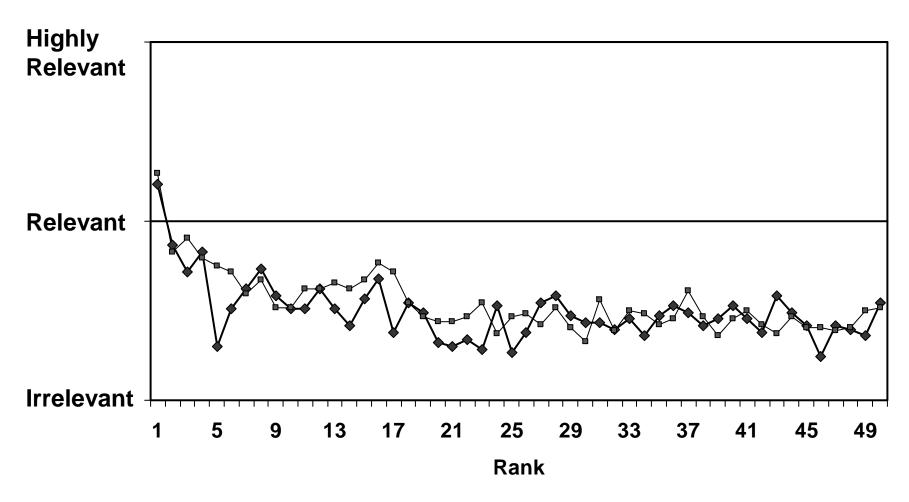
53 pre-selected (2-9 raters/query)



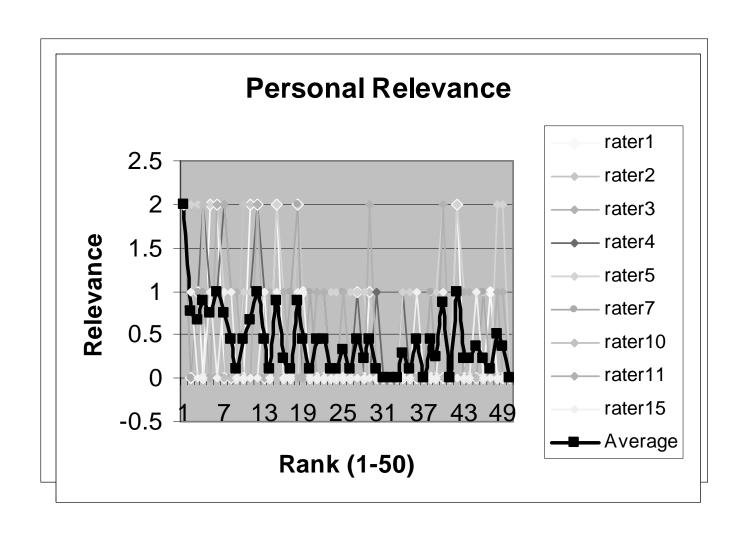
Relevant Results Have Low Rank (Pre-selected queries)



Relevant Results Have Low Rank (+ Self-selected queries)



Relevant Results Have Low Rank (Some low ranks highly rated; Raters disagree)



Same Results Rated Differently

- Average inter-rater reliability: 56%
- Different from previous research

OBelkin: 94% IRR in TREC

OEastman: 85% IRR on the Web

 Asked for *personal* relevance judgments, rather than general topical relevance

Some queries more correlated than others

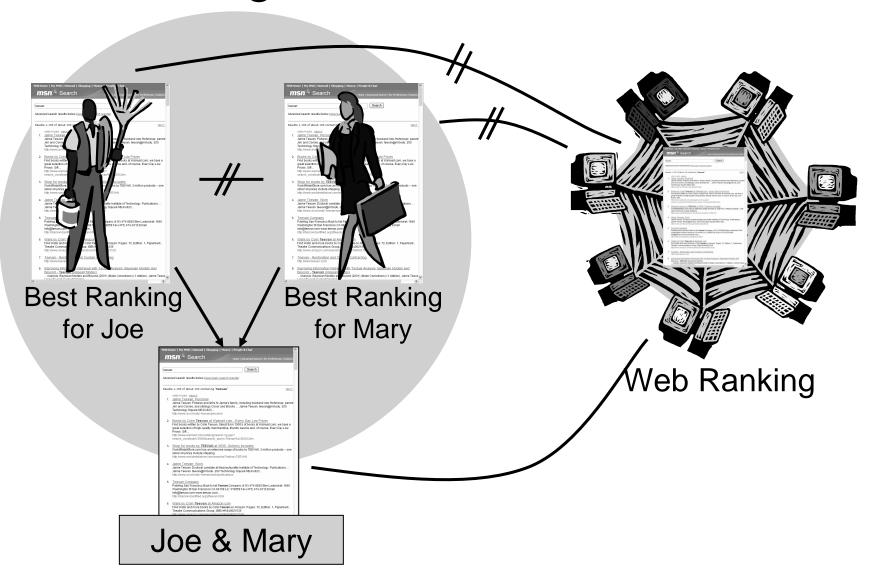
Same Query, Different Meaning/Intent

- Query: cancer
- Different meanings
 - O"Information about the astronomical/astrological sign of cancer"
 - O"information about cancer treatments"
- Different intents
 - O"is there any new tests for cancer?"
 - O"information about cancer treatments"

Same Intent, Different Evaluation

- Query: Microsoft
- Same intents
 - O"information about microsoft, the company"
 - O"Things related to the Microsoft corporation"
 - O"Information on Microsoft Corp"
- 31/50 rated as relevant or highly relevant
 - OAll three agree only for www.microsoft.com
 - OOnly 6/31 do more than one agree
 - OInter-rater reliability: 62%

Search Engines are for the Masses



Search Engines are for the Masses

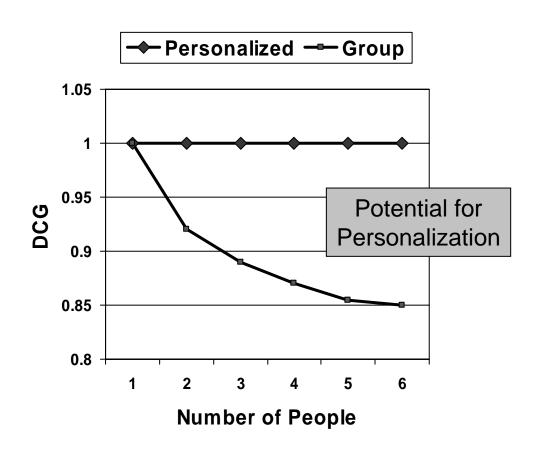
Best common ranking for a query

```
ODCG(i) = \begin{cases} Gain(i), & \text{if } i = 1 \\ DCG(i-1) + Gain(i)/log(i), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
```

- OSort results by number marked highly relevant, then by relevant
- Compare best possible ranking with Web ranking
 - OMeasure distance with Kendall-Tau
 - ONumber of pair-wise disagreements
 - O0 = same; 1 = reverse order
- Web ranking more similar to common
 - OKT(Web, Individual) = 0.47
 - OKT(Web, Common) = 0.44

Much Room for Improvement

- Group ranking
 - OBest improves on Web by 23%
 - OMore people →
 Less improvement
- Personal ranking
 - OBest improves on Web by 38%
 - **ORemains** constant

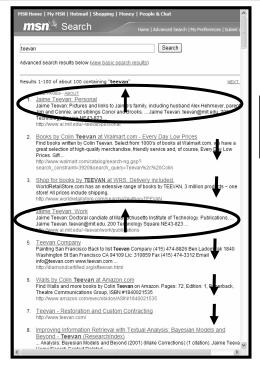


How to Close the Gap

- Aid user to better specify search goal
 - OLonger queries; Explicit profile
- Interaction with user
 - OQuery suggestion; Relevance feedback; Meta-data
- Infer search goal automatically
 - OPrevious query
 - ORicher model (content, usage)
 - OAnd ... Re-rank results -> PS Prototype
- Minimize upfront work by user (e.g., no explicit profile);
 Maximize user control

Personalized Search (PS): Overview

Step 1: Retrieve web search results, n>>10



Step 2:
Compute similarity (result, user)

User
Model

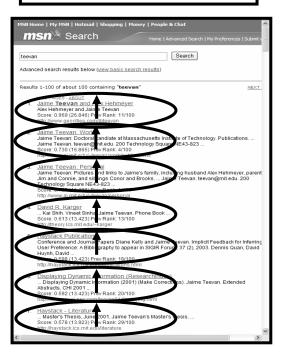
User Model:

- * Content + Activity
- * Rich and unstructured

Client-Side:

* All storage and processing

Step 3: Re-rank search results



Summary

- Personal relevance study
- Different ratings even with similar goals
- Making everyone happy means making the individual less happy
- Implications for improving search
 OPS paper to appear at SIGIR 2005

Thank you!
Questions / Comments ???

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